



Indications for a Peripherally Inserted Central Catheter (PICC)

- Long term antibiotic therapy or access
- Total parenteral nutrition
- Hyperosmolar, vesicant or irritating solutions
- Chemotherapy regimens
- Concurrent medication administration
- Pain medications
- Blood transfusions
- Hydration

Candidates for PICC Lines

- + Terminally ill patients
- + Older patients
- + Patients with limited venous access
- + Patients requiring frequent lab draws or blood products

Benefits of PICC Line Utilization

- Increased dwell time up to (52) weeks
- Decreased patient suffering from multiple IV sticks
- Significantly decreased infection risk
- Various insertion settings
- Versatility, via multi-lumened IV access

Indications for Midline Catheter

- Infusion of non-vesicant, non-hyperosmolar, non-corrosive medications
- Long term access
- Limited venous access or peripheral veins

Candidates for Midline

- + Older patients who require lengthy treatments
- + Patients with limited venous access

Benefits of Midline Utilization

- Increased dwell time up to (6) weeks
- Increased patient comfort
- No x-ray required for use
- Decreased risk of phlebitis or infiltration risk
- Larger arm vessel provides better drug hemodilution

